

Демоверсия отборочного этапа Миссии по профилю **“Английский язык”**

50 заданий

60 минут

один верный ответ

❗ Количество задач в демоверсии не гарантирует такого же количества задач на настоящем отборочном этапе.
Данный тест помогает проверить готовность и оценить уровень задач Миссии.

GRAMMAR

Tasks 1–20

1. No sooner _____ the contract than the company's shares plummeted.

- A) had they signed
- B) they had signed
- C) have they signed
- D) were they signed

2. If I _____ about the strike yesterday, I wouldn't be stuck at the airport now.

- A) would have known
- B) had known
- C) knew
- D) have known

3. The new regulations, _____ came into force in January, have been heavily criticised.

- A) who
- B) what
- C) that
- D) which

4. By the time the auditors arrive tomorrow, we _____ all the financial statements.

- A) will prepare
- B) are preparing
- C) have prepared
- D) will have prepared

5. She is used to _____ long hours during the reporting season.

- A) work
- B) be working
- C) have worked
- D) working

6. Hardly _____ the presentation when the projector broke down.

- A) had he started
- B) he had started
- C) has he started
- D) was he started

7. I'd rather you _____ this information with anyone outside the team.

- A) not to share
- B) won't share
- C) don't share
- D) didn't share

8. The investment fund is said _____ over \$2 billion last year.

- A) raising
- B) to have raised
- C) to raise
- D) that it raised

9. Neither the CEO nor the board members _____ aware of the leak.

- A) is
- B) were
- C) has been
- D) was

10. It's high time the government _____ action on inflation.

- A) has taken
- B) takes
- C) took
- D) will take

11. Not only _____ the deadline, but they also exceeded the budget.

- A) they missed
- B) had missed they
- C) missed they
- D) did they miss

12. Under no circumstances _____ unlocked overnight.

- A) the safe should be left
- B) should the safe be left
- C) should be left the safe
- D) the safe be left

13. Little _____ that his decision would change the history of the company.

- A) did he know
- B) he knew
- C) knew he
- D) he did know

14. The more you practise, _____ you become.

- A) more confident
- B) the more confident
- C) the most confident
- D) the confident more

15. Were the bank _____ interest rates, mortgages would become more expensive.

- A) raising
- B) raise
- C) to raise
- D) raised

16. I wish I _____ to the conference last week — everyone says it was brilliant.

- A) would go
- B) went
- C) had gone
- D) have gone

17. He denied _____ the confidential documents.

- A) to have leaked
- B) leak
- C) leaking
- D) to leak

18. _____ it was raining heavily, the match went ahead as planned.

- A) Despite
- B) In spite of
- C) Although
- D) However

19. You _____ have seen Mr Smith at the meeting yesterday — he has been in Tokyo all week.

- A) can't
- B) shouldn't
- C) mustn't
- D) needn't

20. This is the first time I _____ a business plan.

- A) have written
- B) had written
- C) am writing
- D) wrote

VOCABULARY

Tasks 21–38

21. The company had to _____ off 200 employees due to the recession.

- A) set
- B) take
- C) lay
- D) put

22. After years of losses, the firm finally went _____.

- A) bankruptcy
- B) bank
- C) bankrupt
- D) banker

23. The startup's sales went through the _____ after the viral advertisement.

- A) roof
- B) top
- C) ceiling
- D) sky

24. We need to _____ a balance between growth and sustainability.

- A) knock
- B) strike
- C) hit
- D) beat

25. Her proposal was turned _____ by the board.

- A) off
- B) out
- C) over
- D) down

26. Choose the synonym of “frugal”.

- A) thrifty
- B) generous
- C) reckless
- D) wasteful

27. Choose the antonym of “scarce”.

- A) rare
- B) sparse
- C) abundant
- D) meagre

28. The negotiations reached a _____, and both sides left the table.

- A) lockdown
- B) deadlock
- C) headline
- D) deadline

29. What does the idiom “to cut corners” mean?

- A) To reduce the number of employees
- B) To do something cheaply or quickly by ignoring rules or quality
- C) To avoid answering a question directly
- D) To take the shortest route

30. A “bull market” is a market in which prices are generally _____.

- A) rising
- B) regulated
- C) falling
- D) stable

31. The minister’s speech was full of _____ promises that nobody believed.

- A) blank
- B) bare
- C) vacant
- D) empty

32. Her argument was so _____ that even her opponents agreed with her.

- A) cogent
- B) feeble
- C) flimsy
- D) spurious

33. The manager _____ the importance of punctuality.

- A) emphasis
- B) emphasised
- C) emphatically
- D) emphatic

34. There is a growing _____ for eco-friendly products.

- A) command
- B) claim
- C) demand
- D) request

35. The project was a complete _____ (SUCCEED).

- A) successful
- B) succession
- C) success
- D) successor

36. He has always been the _____ sheep of the family.

- A) black
- B) grey
- C) red
- D) white

37. Prices have _____ by 5% since January.

- A) risen
- B) rose
- C) raised
- D) arisen

38. The company was fined for failing to _____ with environmental regulations.

- A) respect
- B) follow
- C) obey
- D) comply

CULTURE

Tasks 39–50

39. On which London street is the Bank of England, nicknamed “The Old Lady of ... Street”?

- A) Threadneedle Street
- B) Baker Street
- C) Fleet Street
- D) Downing Street

40. Who wrote the comedy “The Importance of Being Earnest”?

- A) Noël Coward
- B) Oscar Wilde
- C) George Bernard Shaw
- D) William Shakespeare

41. What is the official residence of the British Prime Minister?

- A) Buckingham Palace
- B) Windsor Castle
- C) The Palace of Westminster
- D) 10 Downing Street

42. Which US document begins with the words “We the People”?

- A) The Declaration of Independence
- B) The Constitution of the United States
- C) The Gettysburg Address
- D) The Bill of Rights

43. Which city is the capital of Australia?

- A) Sydney
- B) Perth
- C) Canberra
- D) Melbourne

44. Which British monarch had the longest reign?

- A) George III
- B) Victoria
- C) Henry VIII
- D) Elizabeth II

45. What does Guy Fawkes Night (5 November) commemorate?

- A) The signing of Magna Carta
- B) The coronation of Elizabeth I
- C) The end of the Second World War
- D) The failure of the Gunpowder Plot of 1605

46. Whose portrait appears on the US \$100 bill?

- A) Abraham Lincoln
- B) Benjamin Franklin
- C) George Washington
- D) Alexander Hamilton

47. Which city is nicknamed “the Big Apple”?

- A) Boston
- B) Chicago
- C) New York City
- D) Los Angeles

48. Which is the oldest university in the English-speaking world?

- A) The University of St Andrews
- B) Harvard University
- C) The University of Cambridge
- D) The University of Oxford

49. When is Thanksgiving celebrated in the USA?

- A) On the fourth Thursday of November
- B) On the first Monday of September
- C) On the last Monday of May
- D) On 4 July

50. Which author created the detective Sherlock Holmes?

- A) Edgar Allan Poe
- B) Arthur Conan Doyle
- C) Agatha Christie
- D) Charles Dickens

ANSWER KEY

answers and short explanations

№	Key
1	A
2	B
3	D
4	D
5	D
6	A
7	D
8	B
9	B
10	C

№	Key
11	D
12	B
13	A
14	B
15	C
16	C
17	C
18	C
19	A
20	A

№	Key
21	C
22	C
23	A
24	B
25	D
26	A
27	C
28	B
29	B
30	A

№	Key
31	D
32	A
33	B
34	C
35	C
36	A
37	A
38	D
39	A
40	B

№	Key
41	D
42	B
43	C
44	D
45	D
46	B
47	C
48	D
49	A
50	B

1. **A** had they signed

После No sooner в начале предложения — инверсия с Past Perfect: No sooner had they signed ... than ...

2. **B** had known

Смешанное условное: условие в прошлом (had known) → результат в настоящем (wouldn't be now).

3. **D** which

Неопределительное придаточное (выделено запятыми) — только which; that после запятой не используется.

4. **D** will have prepared

By the time + момент в будущем → Future Perfect: действие завершится к этому моменту.

5. **D** working

be used to + -ing = «привыкла к чему-либо». Не путать с used to + инфинитив («раньше бывало»).

6. **A** had he started

Hardly ... when — инверсия с Past Perfect: Hardly had he started when ...

7. **D** didn't share

I'd rather + другое лицо + Past Simple (о настоящем/будущем): I'd rather you didn't ...

8. **B** to have raised

Сложное подлежащее: is said + перфектный инфинитив, т. к. действие в прошлом (last year).

9. **B** were

С neither ... nor глагол согласуется с ближайшим подлежащим: members → were.

10. **C** took

It's (high) time + Past Simple — «давно пора что-то сделать».

11. **D** did they miss

Not only в начале предложения требует инверсии со вспомогательным глаголом: did they miss.

12. **B** should the safe be left

Отрицательное наречное выражение в начале → инверсия: should + подлежащее + be left.

13. **A** did he know

Little в значении «совсем не» в начале предложения → инверсия: Little did he know ...

14. **B** the more confident

Конструкция the + сравнительная степень ..., the + сравнительная степень ...

15. **C** to raise

Инверсия в условном предложении: Were + подлежащее + to-инфинитив = If the bank were to raise ...

16. **C** had gone

Сожаление о прошлом (last week): I wish + Past Perfect.

17. **C** leaking

После deny употребляется герундий (deny doing), а не инфинитив.

18. **C** Although

Перед придаточным с подлежащим и сказуемым — Although; Despite/In spite of требуют существительного или -ing.

19. **A** can't

can't have + V3 — уверенность в том, что событие в прошлом невозможно.

20. **A** have written

This is the first time ... → Present Perfect (с was the first time — Past Perfect).

21. **C** lay

lay off — увольнять (сокращать) работников по экономическим причинам.

22. **C** bankrupt

go bankrupt — обанкротиться; после go нужно прилагательное.

23. **A** roof

go through the roof — резко вырасти (о ценах, продажах).

24. **B** strike

strike a balance — найти баланс, компромисс (устойчивое сочетание).

25. **D** down

turn down — отклонить (предложение, просьбу).

26. **A** thrifty

frugal = thrifty — бережливый, экономный.

27. **C** abundant

scarce — дефицитный; abundant — изобильный. Остальные слова близки по смыслу к scarce.

28. **B** deadlock

deadlock — тупик в переговорах; deadline — крайний срок.

29. **B** To do something cheaply or quickly by ignoring rules or quality

cut corners — «халтурить», экономить на качестве или нарушать правила.

30. **A** rising

Bull market — рынок «быков», цены растут; bear market — рынок «медведей», цены падают.

31. **D** empty

empty promises — пустые обещания (устойчивое сочетание).

32. **A** cogent

cogent — убедительный; feeble, flimsy — слабые; spurious — ложный.

33. **B emphasised**

Нужен глагол-сказуемое: emphasise (emphasised). Emphasis — сущ., emphatic — прил., emphatically — нареч.

34. **C demand**

demand for products — спрос на товары (экономический термин).

35. **C success**

После a complete нужно существительное «успех» — success. Succession — преемственность, successor — преемник.

36. **A black**

black sheep — «паршивая овца», человек, который выделяется в семье в худшую сторону.

37. **A risen**

rise (rose, risen) — непереходный: цены растут сами; raise требует дополнения; rose — Past Simple.

38. **D comply**

comply with — соблюдать (правила); obey, follow, respect употребляются без with.

39. **A Threadneedle Street**

The Old Lady of Threadneedle Street. Fleet Street — улица прессы, Downing Street — резиденция премьера.

40. **B Oscar Wilde**

Пьеса Оскара Уайльда (1895) построена на игре слов Earnest / Ernest.

41. **D** 10 Downing Street

Букингемский дворец — резиденция монарха; Вестминстерский дворец — здание парламента.

42. **B** The Constitution of the United States

Прембула Конституции США (1787). Декларация независимости начинается словами “When in the Course of human events...”.

43. **C** Canberra

Канберра построена как компромисс между Сиднеем и Мельбурном.

44. **D** Elizabeth II

Елизавета II правила 70 лет (1952–2022); королева Виктория — около 63 лет.

45. **D** The failure of the Gunpowder Plot of 1605

Заговорщики пытались взорвать Парламент; Гая Фокса задержали в подвале с порохом.

46. **B** Benjamin Franklin

Франклин не был президентом. Вашингтон — на \$1, Линкольн — на \$5, Гамильтон — на \$10.

47. **C** New York City

Прозвище стало популярным в 1920-х гг. и закрепилось благодаря туристической кампании 1970-х гг.

48. **D** The University of Oxford

Обучение в Оксфорде ведётся по крайней мере с 1096 г.; Кембридж основан в 1209 г.

49. A On the fourth Thursday of November

Последний понедельник мая — Memorial Day, первый понедельник сентября — Labor Day, 4 июля — День независимости.

50. B Arthur Conan Doyle

Первая повесть — «Этюд в багровых тонах» (1887). Агата Кристи создала Эркюля Пуаро.

Wishing you the best of luck in the qualifying round of the '**Mission Accomplished: Your Calling is a Financier!**' Olympiad!

You have the knowledge, the sharp analytical mind and the dedication needed to excel.

Believe in your skills, stay focused and turn this challenge into your first major victory. **Go for it!**