Красноярский финансово-экономический колледж - филиал федерального государственного образовательного бюджетного учреждения высшего образования «Финансовый университет при Правительстве Российской Федерации»

УТВЕРЖДАЮ заместитель директора по учебной работе С.Ю. Биндарева «12» марта 2018 г.

Комплект контрольно-оценочных средств по дисциплине Иностранный язык

программы подготовки специалистов среднего звена
по специальности СПО

38.02.01 «Экономика и бухгалтерский учет (углубленная подготовка)

г. Красноярск, 2018

Комплект контрольно-оценочных средств **Иностранный язык** разработан на основе программы, утвержденной Зам. Председателя Совета УМО вузов России по образованию в области финансов, учёта и мировой экономики от 28 января 2011г. и рабочей программы по специальности для специальности 38.02.01 «Экономика и бухгалтерский учет (углубленная подготовка) дисциплины Иностранный язык.

Разработчики: Дубина Е.А., Ипатьева М.Г., Кривова Н. В., Чопчиц И.Н., преподаватели иностранного языка

Общие положения

В результате освоения дисциплины **Иностранный язык** для специальности 38.02.01 «Экономика и бухгалтерский учет (углубленная подготовка) обучающийся должен обладать умениями, знаниями и общими компетенциями.

Формой аттестации по дисциплине является дифференцированный зачет.

1. Результаты освоения дисциплины, подлежащие проверке

1.1. В результате аттестации по дисциплине осуществляется комплексная проверка следующих умений и знаний, а также динамика формирования общих компетенций:

Таблица 1.1

Результаты обучения:	Показатели оценки	Форма контроля
умения, знания и общие	результата	и оценивания
компетенции		
Умения:	- использование новых	Устные опросы
У. 1- общаться (устно и	лексических единиц в	Тест
письменно) на иностранном	речи; идиоматических	Выполнение практических заданий
языке на профессиональные	выражений, единиц	Диктант
и повседневные темы	речевого этикета;	Аудирование
У. 2 - переводить (со	- понимание изученных	Дифференцированный
словарем) иностранные	глагольных форм и	зачет
тексты профессиональной	грамотное их	
направленности	использование в речи;	
У.3 - самостоятельно	-применение изученной	
совершенствовать устную и	лингвострановедческой,	
письменную речь пополнять	страноведческой и	
словарный запас;	социокультурной	
	информации;	
Знания:	- чтение и понимание	
3.1 лексический (1200 – 1400	текстов, построенных на	
лексических единиц) и	языковом материале	
грамматический минимум,	повседневного и	
необходимый для чтения и	профессионального	
перевода (со словарем)	общения, в том числе	
иностранных текстов	инструкции и	
профессиональной	нормативные документы	
направленности.	по специальностям СПО в	
OK 1 H	соответствии с типом	
ОК 1. Понимать сущность и	(ознакомительное,	
социальную значимость	изучающее,	

своей будущей профессии, проявлять к ней устойчивый интерес.

ОК 2. Организовывать собственную деятельность, определять методы и способы выполнения профессиональных задач, оценивать их эффективность и качество. ОК 3. Решать проблемы, оценивать риски и принимать решения в нестандартных ситуациях. ОК 4. Осуществлять поиск, анализ и оценку

ОК 4. Осуществлять поиск, анализ и оценку информации, необходимой для постановки и решения профессиональных задач, профессионального и личностного развития.

ОК 5. Использовать информационно-коммуникационные технологии для совершенствования профессиональной деятельности.

ОК 6. Работать в коллективе и команде, обеспечивать ее сплочение, эффективно общаться с коллегами, руководством, потребителями.

ОК 7. Ставить цели, мотивировать деятельность подчиненных, организовывать и контролировать их работу с принятием на себя ответственности за результат выполнения заданий.

ОК 8. Самостоятельно

просмотровое/поисковое); -ведение диалогов и рассуждения по изученной тематике в соответствии с требованиями; -соответствие высказываний на изучаемом иностранном языке ситуации общения; - соответствие высказывания содержанию аудио- или видеотекстов; - описание явлений, событий, изложение фактов в письме личного и делового характера в соответствии с требованиями написания писем, эссе.

определять задачи	
профессионального и	
личностного развития,	
заниматься	
самообразованием,	
осознанно планировать	
повышение квалификации.	
ОК 9. Быть готовым к смене	
технологий в	
профессиональной	
деятельности.	

2. Оценка освоения умений и знаний дисциплины:

Предметом оценки служат умения и знания, предусмотренные по дисциплине Иностранный язык, направленные на формирование общих компетенций.

Технология оценки проводится в форме дифференцированного зачета.

2.1. Типовые задания для оценки знаний 31, умений У1,У2,У3 (текущий и итоговый контроль)

Устные опросы (сообщение, рассказ)

«отлично» - обучающийся умеет свободно (почти свободно) и аргументировано высказываться, обстоятельно излагать тему, логически выстраивать свое сообщение, развивать отдельные положения и делать соответствующие выводы;

«хорошо» - обучающийся умеет понятно и обстоятельно высказываться по широкому кругу вопросов, может объяснить свою точку зрения по актуальной проблеме, высказывая аргументы «за» и «против», кратко обосновать и объяснить свои взгляды и намерения, в речи наблюдается небольшое количество языковых ошибок;

«удовлетворительно» - обучающийся может использовать простые фразы и предложения, но недостаточно понятно и обстоятельно высказывается по проблеме, много языковых ошибок;

«неудовлетворительно» - обучающийся владеет недостаточным словарным запасом, затрудняется в изложении темы, в выражении своей точки зрения, много языковых ошибок.

Диалог (см. учебник)

«отлично» - обучающийся умеет свободно (почти свободно) выражать свои мысли, его речь отличается разнообразием языковых средств и точностью их употребления в ситуациях повседневного или профессионального общения по изученной тематике; если у обучающегося возникают трудности в использовании языковых средств, он умеет перефразировать свое высказывание;

«хорошо» - обучающийся умеет общаться в большинстве ситуаций, возникающих в процессе учебной деятельности, может без предварительной подготовки участвовать в диалогах на знакомую тему (например, «семья», «хобби», «работа», «путешествие», «текущие события»), может принимать активное участие в дискуссии по профессионально-ориентированной тематике, обосновывать и отстаивать свою точку зрения;

«удовлетворительно» - обучающийся умеет общаться в простых типичных ситуациях, поддерживать предельно краткий разговор на бытовые темы, но все же недостаточный для того, чтобы вести беседу, затрудняется формулировать свои мысли в процессе беседы по профессионально-ориентированной тематике;

«неудовлетворительно» - обучающийся владеет недостаточным словарным запасом, чтобы поддерживать диалог.

Выполнение письменной работы (упражнение)

«отлично» ставится за работу, выполненную полностью без ошибок и недочетов.

«хорошо» ставится за работу, выполненную полностью, но при наличии в ней нескольких ошибок.

«удовлетворительно» ставится, если обучающийся правильно выполнил не менее 2/3 всей работы.

«неудовлетворительно» ставится, если число ошибок и недочетов превысило норму для оценки 3 или правильно выполнено менее 2/3 всей работы.

Написание письма

«отлично» Коммуникативная задача решена полностью, применение лексики адекватно коммуникативной задаче, грамматические ошибки либо отсутствуют, либо не препятствуют решению коммуникативной задачи

«хорошо» Коммуникативная задача решена полностью, но понимание текста незначительно затруднено наличием грамматических и/или лексических ошибок.

«удовлетворительно» Коммуникативная задача решена, но понимание текста затруднено наличием грубых грамматических ошибок или неадекватным употреблением лексики.

«неудовлетворительно» Коммуникативная задача не решена ввиду большого количества лексико-грамматических ошибок или недостаточного объема текста.

Тест (см. банк тестов)

Критерии оценок:

Оценка	% правильных ответов
«ОТЛИЧНО»	90%
«хорошо»	70%
«удовлетворительно»	50%
«неудовлетворительно»	менее 50%

Аудирование (см. банк аудиозаписей)

«отлично» ставится в том случае, если коммуникативная задача решена и при этом обучающиеся полностью поняли содержание иноязычной речи, соответствующей программным требованиям.

«хорошо» ставится в том случае, если коммуникативная задача решена и при этом обучающиеся полностью поняли содержание иноязычной речи, соответствующей программным требованиям, за исключением отдельных подробностей, не влияющих на понимание содержание услышанного в целом.

«удовлетворительно» ставится в том случае, если коммуникативная задача решена и при этом обучающиеся поняли только основной смысл иноязычной речи, соответствующей программным требованиям.

«неудовлетворительно» ставится в том случае, если обучающиеся не поняли смысла иноязычной, соответствующей программным требованиям.

Банк тестов

Grammar test

Глагол to be

Choose the correct answer:

1. These _____ my friends.
a) are b) is
2. Robert _____ sick.

a) are b) is
3 he Mexican?
a) Aren't b) Isn't
4. His tests very difficult.
a) aren't b) isn't
5. My parents are not rich, but my aunt
a) is b) are
6. I older than my brother.
a) is b) am
7. My sister and I twins.
a) are b) am
8. That a really good movie!
a) are b) is
9. These not my socks.
a) is b) are
10 you happy?
a) Are b) Is
Глагол to have
Choose the correct answer:
1. Iblond hair and blue eyes.
a) have b) has
2. Annto go home now.
a) have b) has
3. Mr. Scotfordtwo brothers.
a) have b) has
4. Theytwo cats and three rabbits.
a) have b) has
5. The man next doorhad an accident.
a) have b) has
6. The new supermarketeverything.
a) have b) has
7you heard about my new job?
a) Have b) Has
8. Mr. and Mrs. Smith and their songone to Sweden for the week.
a) have b) has
9. The tomatoesgrown quickly this year.
a) have b) has
10. The lettucegrown quickly too.
a) have b) has
11your father got a nice car?
a) Have b) Has
12you bought a camera?
a) Have b) Has
13she got many friends?
a) Have b) Has
14your mother got blue eyes?
a) Have b)Has
15you got a ticket?
a) Have b) Has
16they got any children?
a) Have b) Has

- 17. he learnt how to use it yet? a) Have b) Has 18. __we been there before? a) Have b) Has 19. ___my number been called yet? a) Have b) Has 20. ___you sold out of vanilla ice cream? a) Have b) Has Местоимения **Choose the correct answer:** 1. Where's Simon? is in the kitchen. a) She b) I c) He d) We 2. I've written a letter to a) she b) her c) me d) it 3. What did those people want? ___ asked ___ to help ___. a) They, me, them b) Them, I, they c) Them, me, they d) They, I, they 4. Have you seen Simon today? Yes, ___ saw ___ this morning. a) me, he b) I, him c) me, him d) I, he 5. There's someone at the door. Who is it? is Peter. a) He b) She c) It d) They 6. Peter and ___ are going out this evening. a) mine b) I c) them d) it 7. are going to the cinema. a) She b) He c) I d) We 8. Where are my keys? I put ____ on the table. a) he b) him c) them d) his 9. What did you think of the film, Simon? ____ enjoyed ____ very much. a) I, it b) me, it c) he, his d) I, his 10. car wasn't as expensive as ____. a) Mine, her b) My, hers c) Mine, hers d) My, her 11. ___ flat isn't as big as ____. a) Ours, theirs b) Our, their c) Ours, their d) Our, theirs 12. You can wash __own dirty clothes yourself! a) my b) your c) his d) her 13. He's always using my shampoo. Why doesn't he buy? a) his own b) my own c) her own d) your own 14. We helped them move the piano. They couldn't have done in on ... a) my own b) their own c) his own d) her own 15. Sue's children are too young to look after a) themselves b) himself c) themselves d) itself 16. I don't need any help. I can take care of ... a) yourself b) myself c) themselves d) mine
- 19. Can I have ____ potatoes, please?a) anything b) some c) much d) nothing
- 20. He lost ___ in the Fire. His house and all his possession were burnt.
- a) everything b) something c) anything d) nothing

a) themselves b) ours c) themselves d) ourselves 18. They're good friends. They like ____ very much.
a) themselves b) each other c) ourselves d) myself

17. Sarah and I didn't really enjoy at the disco last night.

21. It's a secret. ___ knows about it.

a) Everybody b) Nothing c) Anybody d) Nobody
22. There isn't watching TV at the moment.
a) everybody b) somebody c) anybody d) nobody
23 house is much bigger then
a) They, we b) Their, ours c) They, my d) Their, us
24. Who wants a cup of coffee?
a) Me b) My c) Mine d) Myself
25. Who painted flat? Nobody painted it
a) your, They, ourselves b) you, We, we c) your, I, myself d) his, They, themselves
26. He asked me to help
a) he b) I c) him d) they
27. They invited to the party.
a) us b) I c) he d) she
28. Is it your book?
a) Yes, my. b) Yes, it is mine book. c) Yes, it is mine. d) Yes, it my.
29. I have friends.
a) much b) many c) any d) somebody
30. He hasn't money.
a) much b) many c) few d) a few
31. Have you got milk?
a) some b) something c) any d) anything
32. We bought new books.
a) any b) us c) me d) some
33. They didn't write at the lesson.
a) something b) anything c) nothing d) anybody
34. He has hurt
a) himself b) he c) herself d) yourself
35. The students didn't learnt interesting there.
a) nobody b) nothing c) anything d) something
36 very cold today.
a) All b) Everywhere c) Its d) It's
37. Don't wash your hair with that shampoo. It's
a) mine b) he c) your d) my
38. This is car.
a) hers b) her c) you d) he
39. Have you seen good films recently?
a) any b) some c) few d) a little
40. I don't want to drink.
a) some b) any c) anything d) few
Притяжательный падеж существительных
1 I was to the first
1. I went to flat.
a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's
a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's 2. Did you invite the
 a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's 2. Did you invite the a) Brown's b) Browns c) Browns'
a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's 2. Did you invite the a) Brown's b) Browns c) Browns' 3. I gave it to the mother.
 a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's 2. Did you invite the a) Brown's b) Browns c) Browns'
a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's 2. Did you invite the a) Brown's b) Browns c) Browns' 3. I gave it to the mother.
a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's 2. Did you invite the a) Brown's b) Browns c) Browns' 3. I gave it to the mother. a) children's b) childrens' c) children
a) Adams b) Adams' c) Adam's 2. Did you invite the a) Brown's b) Browns c) Browns' 3. I gave it to the mother. a) children's b) childrens' c) children 4. She is

Множественное число имени существительного

Choose the correct answer:

1. story	a) stories	b) storyes	c) stores
2. knife	a) knifes	b) knifs	c) knives
3. hero	a) heroes	b) heros	c) heres
4. photo	a) photos	b) photos	c) phots
5. life	a) lifes	b) lifs	c) lives
6. sheep	a) sheeps	b) shoop	c) sheep
7. piano	a) pianos	b) pianoes	c) pians
8. fish	a)fishs	b)fishes	c)fish

Write the plural of the following nouns.

	0	4 = 11
9. church –	8. woman –	15. radio —
10. difficulty –	9. deer –	16. ox —
11. mouse –	10. leaf –	17. fish —
12. month –	11. goose –	18. wolf —
13. child –	12. potato –	19. country —
14. roof –	13. foot –	20. tooth —
15. boy –	14. Dress –	21. Box —

Heoпределенные местоимения some, any, no, оборот местоположения there is/there are, количественные местоимения.

Some, Any, No

I.	Only_	oi nis	irienas	came.	Not all	ΟI	tnem.
a)	some	b) any	c) no				
\mathbf{a}	TT1	14	C - 1 !	41C			- 41

- 2. There isn't___food in the refrigerator, is there?
- a) some b) any c) no
- 3. We are broke. We have ___money to buy grandpa a gift.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 4. I bought a loaf of bread and ___cheese at the supermarket yesterday.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 5. Don't you know the proverb: " news is good news"?
- a) some b) any c) no
- 6. We don't have ___sugar or flour to make the cake.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 7. ___place he chooses to go will be fine.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 8. Don't close the door. There are still___children outside.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 9. Why don't you decorate the room with white flowers?
- a) some b) any c) no
- 10. I'm busy. I have___time to chat with you now.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 11. ___people prefer to study in the morning; others at night.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 12. If you have ___problem, call me.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 13. There aren't books on this topic in the library.
- a) some b) any c) no
- 14.___book about camping will tell you how to put up a tent

a) some b) any c) no 15. I gave him___medicine for his headache, so he feels much better now. a) some b) any c) no 16. The teacher has time to correct the compositions now. She has a meeting with the school director. a) some b) any c) no Many, much, few, little, a few, a little Choose the correct answer: 1. There are _____biscuits left in the tin. a) a few c) little d) a little b) much 2. students know the answer to this question. a) a little c) few b) much d) little 3. My days are so busy that I have____time for reading. c) many a) few b) a few d) little 4._____people give money to charity. a) a lot c) little d) much b) many 5. There is a tiny bit of butter. There is_____butter. a) a little c) few d) little b) much 6. He keeps trying although there is _____chance of success. a) much c) a few b) few d) little 7. There are many clocks in the office but______of them work properly. a) little c) much b) few d) a little 8. She wasn't very hungry. She has just had_____soup. a) few c) a little b) a few d) little 9. There aren't____jobs for young people. c) little a) much b) a few d) many 10. There aren't ____lessons today. a) much c) a lot d) few b) many 11. I couldn't obtain_____information from an office manager. a) many c) a lot b) much d) some 12. When my parents moved into a new flat they had very _____furniture, just_____chairs. a) a little, a few c) little, a little b) little, a few d) little, little 13. There aren't ____ flats to rent in Moscow because there is ____ accommodation. a) much, little c) much, a few b) a lot, few d) many, little 14.1 haven't got_____suitcases. I have got____luggage. a) many, a few c) a lot of, little b) many few d) much little b) many, few d) much, little 15.1 had_____time left, so I spent____minutes in a bookshop.

a) a little, a few	c) a few, a few
b) little, a few	
16. Veryresea	rch will be done in this field.
a) many	c) few
a) manyb) little	d) a little
17. It's very quiet in r	ny area. There istraffic.
a) little	c) a lot of
b) much	d) few
18. Usually men don'	t dohouse work.
a) a lot	c) a little
a) a lotb) little	d) much
19. Now my father sn	nokescigarettes than he used to.
a) a few	c) fewer
b) less	c) fewer d) few
20. There is too	
a) many	c) a little
b) much	d) few
21. There are too	violent films on TV.
a) many	
b) much	
· ·	y is in your wallet? Oh, you've spent onlyroubles, there
areleft.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a) many, a few, many	c) much, a little, many
b) much, a few, much	d) much, a few, many
	Russian soap operas on the television. There aremore
Brazilian ones.	
a) little, many	c) few, much
a) little, manyb) few, many	d) a little, many
	eded to publishbooks.
a) many, a fewb) much, few	d) much, little
25. There arei	mportant papers on the desk.
a) a little	c) a lot of
b) a lot	d) much
	Test there is/there are:
Choose the correct a	inswer:
1 any te	a in the glass?
a) Is there b) Are the	ere c) Do there d) There is
2 armcha	irs are there around the table?
a) How much b) How	w many c) What d) Where
3. There are	in our garden.
	water c) a long tree d) two small cats
4. The examination is	difficult too many questions to answer.
	e is c) There are d) There isn't any
5. There are	milk in the fridge.
a) two bottles of b) a	glass of c) some d) a little
6. Watch out!	a glass of hot tea on your table.
	there c) There is d) Some
7. The room is empty	nobody inside.
	re is c) There aren't d) There are
8. I don't know how to	o use this machine a lot of buttons on it.

- a) There are b) There is c) Are there d) Do there
- 9. If a worm inside an apple It means that the apple is organic.
- a) are there b) there are c) is there d) there is
- 10. The workers can go if ______ nothing to do.
- a) there isn't b) there aren't c) there is d) there are

Present Simple Tense

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. He ... think it is important.
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) isn't
- 2. Your friends ... leave you.
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) aren't
- 3. I... see why not.
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) am not
- 4. The doctor ... agree with you.
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) isn't
- 5. You ... say so!
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) aren't
- 6. It ... remain in darkness.
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) isn't
- 7. The girl ... smile.
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) isn't
- 8. They ... say a word.
- a) don't b) doesn't c) aren't
- 9. We ... believe it.
- a) don't b) doesn't c) aren't
- 10. She ... see it.
 - a) don't b) doesn't c) isn't

Past Simple Tense

- 1. He was very poor in 1998, but in 2001 he ... for Canada and ... rich.
- a) leaved/ growed b) left/ grew c) had left/ grew d) was leaving/ to grow
- 2. Last week I ... in the vivid country known for "corrida", in other words bullfighting.
- a) arrived b) had arrived c) was arrived d) was arriving
- 3. Why ... you...out my old clothes the day before vesterday?
- a) are/throw b) did/threw c) have/thrown d) did/throw
- 4. Once upon the time there... a happy man. He was all alone and had nobody to support him.
- a) was living b) living c) lived d) live
- 5. I ... her walk near my house the other day.
- a) noticed b) was noticing c) notice d) have noticed
- 6. ... she ... much time on you when you were closed friends at school?
- a) did/spend b) did/spent c) did/spending d) was/ spending
- 7. Why ... you... out of doors (выйти на улицу) yesterday so late at night?
- a) do/ went b) did/ went c) do/ go d) did/ go
- 8. I... to miss classes when I went to school. Teachers never loved me for it.
- a) used b) use c) using d) was using
- 9. Last year he ... as a seller. He...jars of honey behind the counter.
- a) was working/selled b) were worked/sell c) worked/sold d) worked/selled
- 10. Where ... you last summer during the holidays? ... you spend your holidays at the sea resort or you stayed home?
- a) was/ did b) were/ are c) were/ did d) are/ do

Future Simple Tense, оборот to be going to.

Choose the correct answer: 1. He going to listen to music a) am b) is c) are 2. We _____ going to be champions a) am b) is c) are 3. Cities _____ be very big a) will b) is c) be 4. Children will _____ go to school a) be b) not c) will 5. He ____ going to listen to music a) am b) is c) are Present Continuous Tense, Past Continuous Tense, Future Continuous Tense **Choose the correct answer:** 1. I ... to music in my room now. a) am listening b) listen c) was listening 2. What they doing? a) is b) are c) am 3. The police caught Dan when he (rob) a shop. a) has robbed b) was robing c) was robbing 4. She ... her bike at the moment. a) ride b) is riding c) was riding 5. When you rang me yesterday, I ... a bath. a) were having b) was having c) had had 6. He ... for a job now. a) is looking b) looks c) are looking 7. Somebody stole the money from Dad's pocket while he a) was sleeping b) slept c) sleeping 8. Listen! Somebody a) cries b) is crying c) crying 9. Look! That boy ... alone on the edge of the road. a) are staying b) staying c) is staying 10. I ... by the window when I heard the noise. a) was sitting b) sat c) sitted 11. He in the park because he's preparing to his exams. a) isn't walking b) walking c) is walking 12. This time next Monday, I _____ in a huge office in New York. a) work b) will working c) worked 13. This time next year we _____ the Pacific Ocean. a) cross b) will crossing c) are crossing 14. I_____ in my study library at 6pm tomorrow. a) will working b) work c) am working 15. This time on Friday I _____ on the beach. a) will lie b) lie c) will lying 16. The boys of our team _____ football tomorrow morning. a) will playing b) play c) are playing 17. I _____ in the car now. a) am waiting b) is waiting c) wait 18. Look! David and Max _____ home.

a) come b) are coming c) have come

19. Look! David and Max ____ home. a) come b) are coming c) have come 20. What _____ at 8.00 last night? a) were you doing b) are you doing c) did you do **Perfect Tense** Choose the correct answer: 1. I (know) him for more than 10 years. a) has known b) have known c) know 2. Laura (complete) the task by noon and we'll go shopping together. a) complete b) will have completed c) will complete 3. He (go) to the USA. a) have gone b) has gone c) had done 4. By the end of this year he (learn) to speak English fluently. a) will have learnt b) learnt c) has leant 5. They (do) everything necessary by January 1, 2009. a) had done b) have done c) will have done 6. I'm afraid I (forget) the papers at home. a) have forgotten b) has forgotten c) forget 7. They (not/write) the test by the time the teacher comes. a) won't write b) won't have written c) won't written 8. We returned to the hotel after we (have) a tour. a) had b) had had c) have had 9. We (see) very many good films recently. a) saw b) have seen c) had seen 10. ... you ever (ride) a horse? a) have .. ridden b) ridden c) has ridden 11. I (not /hear) from him since he left Paris. a) hasn't heard b) haven't heard c) heard 12. They (finish) painting the walls of the room by 4 p.m. yesterday. a) finished b) have finished c) had finished 13. If you come at 5, she (translate) the article. a) had translated b) will have translated c) had translated 14. She was tired because she (walk) too much. a) had walked b) walked c) has walked Модальные глаголы **Choose the correct answer:** 1. _____ you help me with my homework? a) Are b) May c) Can d) Need 2. You _____ enter without a tie. a) aren't b) can't c) ought not d) weren't 3. We _____ leave now or we'll be late. a) has to b) must c) can d) will 4. If you had video, you _____ record it yourself tonight. a) could b) can c) must d) may 5. You _____ get the 8.45 train. It doesn't stop at Yorkshire. a) had better b) mustn't c) should d) don't have to 6. His illness got worse and worse. In the end he _____ go into hospital for an operation. a) will have to b) must c) had to d) ought to have 7. In a hundred years' time we _____ out of water to drink. a) must have run b) might have been/run c) should have run d) may have run 16

8. A: Did you enjoy the concert?
B: It was OK, but I to the theatre.
a) needn't have gone b) must have gone c) had better go d) would rather have gone
Степени сравнения прилагательных
Choose the correct answer:
1. Ben doesn't work very hard. Bill works
a) the hardest b) more harder c) harder
2.Who isamong your friends?
a) the oldest b) older c) as old
3. I can't walk very fast. You are younger, you can walk
a) much faster b) fast c) the fastest
4. Peter, you are than I thought you to be.
a) lazier b) as lazy as c) more lazy
5. Their children are not well-behaved. Actually they are children I've ever seen.
a) badly-behaved b) worse-behaved c) the worst-behaved
6. The dog started to run. It ran and soon disappeared in the distance.
a) faster and faster b) the faster and the faster c) the fastest
7. Her illness was than we at first had thought.
a) the most serious b) not as serious c) far more serious
8. He didn't want anyone to see him so he took a seat corner of the room.
a) the far b) the farther c) the farthest
9. I have known Liz for years. She is than her sister Jane.
a) more serious b) a bit serious c) not so serious
10. Let's not go by train. Going by bus is
a) cheap b) the most cheap c) a lot cheaper
11. Nick is brother.
a) the eldest b) the oldest c) older
12. Mary is than Jane.
a) polite b) politer c) more polite
Put the adjectives into the comparative form.
Old, strong, happy, big, good, modern, pretty, bad, heavy, expensive
Пассивный залог
Choose the correct answer:
1. Jack's jokes at. He has got a wonderful sense of humor.
a) are always laughed b) are being always laughed c) are always laughing
d) are been always laughing
2. Pushkin's first poem when he was fourteen.
a) were written b) was written c) wrote d) was being written
3. The control tasks by the pupils of our group yesterday.
a) did b) were done c) were being done d) done
4. The new film when I came to my friend's house.
a) was discussed b) was being discussed c) was discussing d) discussed
5. I to buy the ticket for my sister.
a) asked b) was asked c) were asked d) ask
6. I with the umbrella.
a) was hit b) is hit c) hits d) to hit
7. Robert the interview for the job.
a) promise b) to promise c) was promised d) was been promising
8. A number of trees by the strong winds.

a) blown down b) were blown down c) was blown down d) is blowing down
9. He is going ____ next week.
a) interviewed b) to interview c) interview d) to be interviewed
10. The office ___ every evening.
a) lock b) is locking c) is locked d) locked
11. I am glad to inform you that your letter ___.
a) received b) to be received c) has been received d) was received
12. The translation ___ two hours ago.
a) finished b) is finished c) were finished d) was finished
13. The first metro line in Moscow ___ in 1935.
a) opened b) has been opened c) was opened d) is opened
14. Seventy one per cent of the Earth's surface ___ by water.
a) is covered b) are covered c) is being covered d) is been covering
15. What instrument only sharpens when it ___?
a) is being constantly used b) is constantly used c) constantly used d) is been constantly using

Косвенная речь

- 1. The teacher asks: "What is the date today?"
- a) The teacher wonders what date is today.
- b) The teacher wonders what is the date today.
- c) The teacher wonders if the date is today.
- d) The teacher wonders what today is the date.
- e) The teacher wonders what date.
- 2. She said: "I work at the bank".
- a) She said she had worked at the bank.
- b) She said: "She works at the bank".
- c) She said: "Do I work at the bank?"
- d) She said: "Have I worked at the bank?"
- e) She said: "I worked at the bank".
- 3. "Go and do your homework now", mother said to him.
- a) Mother asks him to go and do his homework now.
- b) Mother asked him to go and do his homework now.
- c) Mother asks him go and do his homework then.
- d) Mother ask him to go do his homework then.
- e) Mother asked him to go and do his homework then.
- 4. She asked her friend ... that evening.
- a) why hadn't he came
- b) why didn't he came
- c) why he didn't come
- d) why he hadn't came
- e) why he hadn't come
- 5. The teacher asked: "Did you do your homework yesterday, Alex?"
- a) The teacher asked Alex if he did his homework yesterday.
- b) The teacher asked Alex if he had done his homework the day before.
- c) The teacher asked Alex did he do his homework the day before.
- d) The teacher asked Jane if he had done his homework yesterday.
- e) The teacher asked Alex if he did do his homework yesterday.
- 6. "Don't close the window", said Max to Alice.
- a) Max asked Alice not to close the window.
- b) Max asked Alice don't close the window.
- c) Max asked Alice to close not the window.

- d) Max asks Alice not to close the window.
- e) Max ask Alice not to close the window.
- 7. Teacher says to me: "Don't sleep on the lessons".
- a) Teacher told me don't sleep on the lessons.
- b) Teacher says to me if I don't sleep on the lessons.
- c) Teacher tells me not to sleep on the lessons.
- d) Teacher tells me on the lessons not to play.
- e) Teacher says to me don't sleep on the lessons.
- 8. "How long does it take you to read 300 page book?" Moldir asks Janna.
- a) Moldir asks Janna how long does it take her to read 300 page book.
- b) Moldir asks Janna how long it does take her to read 300 page book.
- c) Moldir asks Janna how long it take her to read 300 page book.
- d Moldir asks Janna how long it takes her to read 300 page book.
- e) Moldir asks Janna how long it takes you to read 300 page book.
- 9. The teacher says, "Learn these words by heart".
- a) The teacher ask learn these words by heart.
- b) The teacher says to learn these words by heart.
- c) The teacher says to learn to these words by heart.
- d) The teacher asks to learn these words by heart.
- e) The teacher says learn to these words by heart.
- 10. We were told that the bus ... fifteen minutes later.
- a) had been arriving
- b) would arrive
- c) would be arriving
- d) has arrived
- e) will arrive

Предлоги времени

- 1. 7 o'clock.
- a) in b) on c d at
- 2. ___ Monday.
- a) at b) on c) in d) of
- 3. ___ the end of December.
- a) at b) on c) in d) –
- 4. Mother's day
- a) in b) at c) d) on
- 5. ____Sunday morning
- a) at b) on c) in d) of
- 6. __this age
- a) at b) in c) on d) –
- 7. Dad's birthday
- a) in b) on c) -d) at
- 8. ____1941.
- a) at b) on c) in d) –
- 9. ___lunch
- a) in b) at c) d) on
- 10. ___ September
- a) on b) at c) of d) in
- 11. noon
- a) on b) at c) d) in
- 12. ___ half past two

Предлоги места

Choose the correct answer:
1. Helen is studying English university.
a) on b) at c) for d) into
2. There was a big table the middle of the room.
a) at b) on c) in d) onto
3. Were there many people the concert last night?
a) at b) for c) off d) on
4. What do you like doing the weekend?
a) at b) in c) on d) near
5. Did you go on holiday July?
a) on b) at c) into d) in
6. Rio de Janeiro is the south-east coast of Brazil.
a) on b) in c) near d) at
7. Do you like swimming the sea?
a) into b) at c) in d) inside
8. Two policemen got the train at Oxford.
a) on b) in c) for d) at
9. He put his hands his face.
a) over b) under c) below d) in front of
10. There are many birds the roof.
a) on b) at c) in d) out of
11. The cat jumped the roof of the car and looked down at the dog.
a) at b) in c) on d) from
12. There is a bus stop our house.
a) at b) outside c) inside d) into
13. The mouse was sitting the kitchen table.
a) under b) below c) above d) over
14. The bank is the cinema.
a) between b) opposite c) across d) past
15. A small bridge goes the river.
a) through b) across c) between d) along

Условные предложения

- 1. If the weather were fine, they ... out of town.
- a) go b) would go c) gone d) had gone
- 2. If Tom had enough money, he ... to the USA long ago.
- a) went b) would have gone c) have gone d) would go
- 3. If I ... their language, I could understand what they were saying.
- a) had known b) will know c) know d) knew
- 4. We ... win the cup if we keep playing this well.
- a) will b) are c) are winning d) could have
- 5. If you touch a socket with wet hands, you ... an electric shock.
- a) will get b) would get c) would have got d) would have been got
- 6. If I ... noticed Nick, I would have stopped him.
- a) had b) have c) would have
- 7. If I ... you, I would apologize to her.
- a) was b) had been c) were d) will be
- 8. If the weather... fine, he will go out of town.

- a) was b) is c) will d) were
- 9. If it hadn't been raining yesterday, we ... on a trip.
- a) would have gone b) have gone c) would go d) will have gone
- 10. If I ... a taxi, I would have been there in time.
- a) had took b) took c) had taken d) have taken

Неличные формы глагола

item indic popularion
Choose the correct answer:
1. Do you know how chess?
a) playing b) played c) play d) to play
2. I wouldn't advise there.
a) to go b) go c) going d) gone
3. I like to the dentist's for a check-up every six months.
a) to go b) going c) gone d) go
4. Have you forgotten me the money?
a) to give b) giving c) give d) given
5. These trousers need
a) cleaning b) to clean c) cleaned d) clean
6. They let their children up late at weekends.
a) to stay b)stay c) staying d) stayed
7. Would you like now or late?
a) eating b) to eat c) eaten d) eat
8. There is a document to my father.
a) to address b) addressing c) address d) addressed
9. It was a mistake for me here.
a) come b) to come c) coming
10 is a terrible habit.
a)smoke b) to smoke c) smoking d) smoked
11. The concert a lot of songs.
a) include b) to include c) included d) including
12. Would you like something?
a) to read b) read c) reading
13. The singer warmly spectators.
a) greet b) to greet c) greeted d) greeting
14. I have got some letters
a) to write b) write c) writing d) written
15. Is this sofa?
a) buy b) to buy c) bought

Lexical test

Lexical Test «Профессии»

- 1. a general practitioner is a
- a) doctor b) lawyer c) philosopher d) yoga master
- 2. A bank teller in a bank.
- manages advertising manages the credit department receives and pays out money tells banking stories
- 3. A makes and repairs wooden objects.
- carpenter mason plumber welder
- 4. A marks errors in the first printed copy of the text.

caretaker controller printer proofreader

- 5. An translates the speaker's words into another language.
- attorney auditor inspector interpreter
- 6. He is looking for a in electrical engineering.
- job labor occupation work
- 7. What do you do in your spare time? What is your favorite ?-I like to read books about traveling.
- job labor occupation work
- 8. He is a member of staff and works from nine to five in the main office. He is a worker. freelance full-time part-time temporary
- 9. A usually has quite a few vacancies for skilled and unskilled workers. art gallery large construction company local school small travel agency
- 10. A is usually paid by the month.

bonus income salary wages

Lexical Test «Семья»

1. She is the da	ughter of my mother. She is my
a) aunt	c) grandmother
b) sister	d) cousin

- 2. He is the father of my father. He is my...
- a) grandfather c) uncle b) grandson d) cousin
- 3. He is the father of my brother. He is my...
- a) uncle c) father
- b) son d) grandfather
- 4. He is the son of my uncle. He is my...
 a) cousin
 c) grandfather
- b) father d) brother
- 5. She is the sister of my mother. She is my...
- a) grandmother c) aunt
- b) daughter d) cousin
- 6. He is the son of my brother. He is my...
- a) cousin c) uncle
- b) nephew d) father
- 7. He is the brother of my mother. He is my...
- a) nephewb) sonc) uncled) cousin
- 8. He is the husband of my aunt. He is my...
- a) uncleb) fatherc) cousind) brother
- 9. She is the mother of my mother. She is my...
- a) aunt c) daughter
- b) niece d) grandmother 10. She is the daughter of my sister. She is my...
- a) niece c) mother
- b) aunt d) cousin
- 11. She is the wife of my uncle. She is my...
- a) mother c) aunt b) daughter d) niece
- 12. She is the daughter of my aunt. She is my...
- a) cousin c) mother

Lexical Test «Путешествие. Как спросить дорогу»

Choose the correct answer:
1. Am I going in the right for the post office?
a) route b) way c0 sign d) direction
2. Can you tell me please how I to the cinema from here?
a) come b) get c) take d) fetch
3. Could you please me in the direction of the motorway?
a) show b) indicate c) point d) deliver
4. I'm making for the M25 motorway — is this road the most route?
a) straight b) clear c) obvious d) direct
5. Could you tell me please how I am from the town centre?
a) near b) far c) close d) away
6. Can you help please because I've lost my way and to get to the shops before closing
time?
a) need b) require c) request d) must
7. I'm for the town hall — am I anywhere near?
a) seeking b) making c) seeing d) trying
8. I took the wrong at the last road junction, can you tell me how I get back on the
motorway?
a) turn b) turner c) turned d) turning
9 to this map I should be near the church. Is it near?
a) flowing b) after c) according d) considering
10. Is this for the railway station?
a) correct b) clear c) fine d) right
, , , , , , , , , , ,
Lexical Test Еда
Choose the word that best fits the sentence:
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me?
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish.
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent.
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility 7. A restaurant where customers serve themselves is called a
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility 7. A restaurant where customers serve themselves is called a a) buffet b) kiosk
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility 7. A restaurant where customers serve themselves is called a a) buffet b) kiosk 8. If your waiter/waitress provided good service, you should leave a big
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility 7. A restaurant where customers serve themselves is called a a) buffet b) kiosk 8. If your waiter/waitress provided good service, you should leave a big a) tip b) top
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility 7. A restaurant where customers serve themselves is called a a) buffet b) kiosk 8. If your waiter/waitress provided good service, you should leave a big a) tip b) top 9. McDonald's is a restaurant.
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility 7. A restaurant where customers serve themselves is called a a) buffet b) kiosk 8. If your waiter/waitress provided good service, you should leave a big a) tip b) top 9. McDonald's is a restaurant. a) fast eat b) fast food
Choose the word that best fits the sentence: 1. I'm sorry, but my meal is cold, could you please for me? a) warm it up b) make it warm 2. After that meal I was quite a) full b) complete 3. Whatever you can't finish, you can take home in a a) box b) boxes 4. Knives, spoons, and forks are a) food tools b) cutlery 5. I steak but the waiter brought me fish. a) ordered b) decided 6. In most fancy restaurants, the is usually excellent. a) service b) responsibility 7. A restaurant where customers serve themselves is called a a) buffet b) kiosk 8. If your waiter/waitress provided good service, you should leave a big a) tip b) top 9. McDonald's is a restaurant.

Lexical Test Магазины и покупки

- 1. Where could you buy a saucepan?
- a) tobacconist b) jewelers c) butcher d) florist e) hardware store
- 2. Where could you buy some chocolate?
- a) sweet shop b) jewelers c) butcher d) florist e) hardware store
- 3. Where could you buy a holiday?
- a) bakery b) greengrocer c) travel-agency d) book shop e) shoe shop
- 4. Where could you buy a necklace?
- a) tobacconist b) jewelers c) travel-agency d) record shop e) chemist
- 5. Where could you buy some milk?
- a) sweet shop b) dairy c) butcher d) florist e) hardware store
- 6. Where could you buy some steak?
- a) tobacconist b) jewelers c) butcher d) record shop e) chemist
- 7. Where could you buy a newspaper?
- a) sweet shop b) dairy c) newsagent d) florist e) hardware store
- 8. Where could you buy a Barbie doll?
- a) sweet shop b) dairy c) newsagent d) toy shop e) hardware store
- 9. Where could you buy a puppy?
- a) sweet shop b) dairy c) newsagent d) toy shop e) pet shop
- 10. Where could you buy fruit?
- a) bakery b) greengrocer c) fishmonger d) book shop e) shoe shop
- 11. Where could you buy some flowers?
- a) tobacconist b) jewelers c) butcher d) florist e) chemist
- 12. Where could you buy some glasses?
- a) an optician b) a dairy c) a newsagent a) toy shop e) pet shop

Lexical Test At the airport

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. When he was travelling in Southern Africa he could afford hotels only with B ... and B
- a. breakfast and bathroom b. bread and balcony c. bed and breakfast d. bed and biscuit
- 2. You can get the information about the departure time in the
- a. ticket-office b. inquires c. check-in desk d. duty-free
- 3. Before getting on board the plane one should go through
- a. writing a letter b. personal visit c. passport control d. inquiries
- 4. They allowed him to take 20kg of luggage free and he paid for the rest of the luggage.
- a. tax b. charge c. currency d. duty
- 5. The man sitting next to me the plane was nervous because he hadn't flown before.
- a. into b. in c. at d. of
- 6. Before travelling abroad you'd better a room in a hotel because it'll be difficult to do it at the place.
- a. buy b. register c. reserve d. check
- 7. When you travel abroad you should have of the country you go to .
- a. souvenirs b. passport c. ticket d. currency

Lexical Test В гостинице

- 1. Facilities -
- а) удобства, оборудование b) способности c) средства обеспечения d) развлечения
- 2. Resident hotels –
- а) гостиницы для постоянного проживания b) многоквартирные дома c) общежития d) курорты
- 3. Hotels can provide a wide range of _____.

a) services b) comforts c) foods d) drinks
4 provides accommodation for people going to or coming from other countries by air.
a) Airport hotel b) Resident hotel c) Tourist cabin d) Motel
5. Luxury hotels offering the highest international standards are called
a) 6-star b) 4-star c) 5-star d) 0-star.
6. Staff –
а) штат сотрудников b) набор кадров c) условия работы d) отдел кадров.
7. Inn –
а) таверна b) пивной дом c) сельская гостиница d) паб
8. Hotel chains –
а) отельные цепи b) сети гостиниц c) сетевой бизнес d) филиалы.
9. Suite –
а) люкс b) семейный номер c) номер с удобствами d) пентхаус
10. Junior suite -
а) номер без удобств b) полулюкс c) номер для двух постояльцев d) одноместный
11. A well-furnished and luxirious suite at the top of the building is called
a) senior suite b) penthouse c) top room d) attic.
12. A room not used as a bedroom, where guests may read, watch television, is called
a) lounge b) single room c) bathroom d) penthouse.
13. If you need a ride from the airport, the hotel may provide
a) a courtesy bus b) a free taxi c) an airplane d) a walking tour.
14. Our hotel is replacing smaller beds with ones.
a) king-size b) queen-size c) prince-size d) duke-size.
Lexical Test Ресторан
Choose the correct answer:
1. In the restaurant the brought us the menu.
a) manager b) waiter c) security
2. We ordered chocolate ice-cream for the
a) desert b) dessert
3. This barman makes fantastic
a) cocktails b) cocktales
4. We had some fish soup as a
a) beginner b) starter
5. I gave the waiter a good
a) piece b) bit c) tip
6. There is too much garlic on this salad.
a) clothing b) dressing
7. The for the dinner was quite big.
a) check b) count c) bill
8. I'd like a steak with red wine.
a) rare b) seldom c) not often
9. Mexican food is very
> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
a) spacey b) spiky c) spicy

11. We are going to McDonalds to buy some _____ fries (картофель фри).

a) boiling b) bubbling c) sparkling

13. Please, bring me a cup of tea with a drop of cognac and a _____ of lemon.
a) piece b) slice c) lump

12. I'd like a bottle of mineral water – Still or _____ (с газом или без)

a) source b) sauce c) course

a) German b) English c) French

14. In this restaurant they use tea to make tea. I don't like it. a) bags b) packets c) boxes 15. The food here is quite good although the menu is quite a) elementary b) basic c) easy d) fundamental Lexical Test Структура и персонал фирмы **Choose the correct answer:** 1. I organize courses for members of staff. a) laboratory technician b) personal assistant c) training officer 2. I'm the senior executive. a) purchasing manager b) quality control manager c) managing director 3. I visit customers and try and increase business. a) purchasing manager b) sales representative c) quality control manager 4. I set up the equipment and do experiments and tests. a) sales representative b) purchasing manager c) laboratory technician 5. I check that products are made to the right standards. a) quality control manager b) personal assistant c) sales representative 6. I work with the Managing director. I'm responsible for his diary, organize his travel, and take calls for him. a) managing director b) personal assistant c) training officer Lexical Test Географическое положение Великобритании, США, России **Test The UK Choose the correct answer:** 1.... is a country ruled by a king or a queen. b) state c) kingdom d) saint a) industry e) climate 2. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland is situated in...... a) the continent b) the British Islands c) the Irish Isles d) the Britain Isles e) the British Isles. 3. There arecountries in the UK. b) five c) three d) six 4. Great Britain and Northern Ireland are separated by a) The North Sea b) The Atlantic Ocean c) the English Channel d) The Strait of Dover e) The Irish Sea 5. The capital of the UK is.... c) Cardiff a) Belfast b) London d) Washington e) Edinburgh 6. The UK is washed by..... in the north. a) The North Sea b) The English Channel c) The Strait of Dover d) The Atlantic Ocean e) The Irish Sea 7. The flag of the UK is known as...... a) The Union Jack b) The United Jack c) The Common Jack d) The Union John e) The United John 8. The patron saint of England is

Test The USA

d) St. John

e) St. Nick

c) St. George

Choose the correct answer:

1. Christopher Columbus discovered America in ...

b) St. Andrew

a) 1492 b) 1402 c) 1442

a) St.Patrick

- 2. When did America become independent?
- a)1776 b) 1676 c) 1767

- 3. When is Independence Day?
- a) 24 July b) 4 July c) 4 June
- 4. The first president of the USA was...
- a) Abraham Lincoln b) Jeffrey Jefferson c) George Washington
- 5. Which American state is situated 50 miles from Russia?
- a) Alabama b) Alaska c) Arizona
- 6. The largest state in the USA is ...
- a) Alaska b) Texas c) California
- 7. Which river did native Americans call "the father of waters"?
- a) the Mississippi b) the Colorado c) the Missouri
- 8. Which state of the USA is situated in the Pacific Ocean?
- a) Idaho b) Hawaii c) Montana
- 9. The USA is a ... republic.
- a) federal b) constitutional c) presidential
- 10. The US President's term is ...
- a) 4 years b) 5 years c) 6 years
- 11. The US Government has ... braches.
- a) Three b) Four c) Five
- 12. Congress is made up of
- a) The House of Representatives and the House of Commons
- b) The House of Lords and the House of Commons
- c) The House of Representatives and the Senate

Test (the UK & the USA)

- 1. The flag of the United Kingdom is known as
- a) a Red Rose b) St. George c) the Union Jack d) the Stars and Stripes
- 2. Which is the largest industrial and most densely populated country of the UK?
- a) England b) Scotland c) Wales c) Northern Ireland
- 3. What is the smallest component of the United Kingdom?
- a) England b) Scotland c) Wales d) Northern Ireland
- 4. What city is associated with the names of G.G. Byron, W. Scott, R. Burns?
- a) Edinburgh b) Stratford-on-Avon c) Belfast d) London
- 5. Who chooses the Cabinet of Ministers?
- a) Parliament b) the Prime Minister c) the Queen d) the President
- 6. What is the present ruling party in Great Britain?
- a) the Labour Party b) the Conservative Party c) Liberal Democrats
- 7. Members of the Parliament gather to make laws in the...
- a) Tower of London b) British Museum c) St. Paul Cathedral d) Buckingham Palace e) Palace of Westminster
- 8. The Queen Residence in London is in...
- a) Piccadilly Circus b) The White House c) Buckingham Palace d) Westminster Abbey
- e) Tower of London
- 10. Where is the Statue of Liberty?
- a) New York b) Los Angeles c) Massachusetts d) Washington D.C. e) California
- 11. When do Americans celebrate Independence Day?
- a) July 4 b) September 4 c) December 25 d) October 8 e) February 14
- 12. What is the longest river in England?
- a) the Tyde; b) the Thames c) the Spey d) the Mississippi
- 13. What British newspapers cover home and foreign news?
- a) quality newspapers b) popular newspapers
- 14. Who is the Head of the State in the United Kingdom?

- a) the Parliament b) the Prime Minister c) the Queen d) the President
- 15. What is the nickname of New York?
- a) "The Big apple" b) "The Red apple c) "The Big town"
- 16. What is the heart of London?
- a) The East End b) The City c) Whitehall d) the Westminste
- 17. The oldest University in Great Britain is...
- a) Cambridge b) London c) Oxford d) Edinburgh e) Manchester
- 18. What's the population of the UK?
- a) 59 mln; b) 48,8 mln; c) 7 mln d) 57 mln
- 19. Whitehall is...
- a) the street in London b) the prison c) the square d) the supermarket e) the museum
- 20. What's the capital city of Scotland?
- a) London b) Edinburgh c) Glasgow d) Cardiff

Test (the Russian Federation)

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. The full name of the country is...
- a) Russia b) the Russian Federation c) the Russian Republic
- 2. The capital city Moscow is more than ... years old.
- a) 650 b) 750 c) 850
- 3. The population of Moscow is more than ... people.
- a) 6 million b) 9 million c) 12 million
- 4. It takes...days to travel from Moscow to Vladivostok by train.
- a) 4 b) 7 c) 10
- 5. The second largest city in Russia is...
- a) Sochi b) St Petersburg c) Krasnoyarsk
- 6. The second coldest city in the world, situated on the Lena river is...
- a) Yakutsk b) Vladivostok c) Ekaterinburg
- 7. The city which was destroyed during the Second World War where was the greatest defeat of the German army is... a) Nizhny Novgorod b) Astrakhan c) Volgograd
- 8. A large port and naval base on Russia's Pacific coast is...
- a) Murmansk b) Vladivostok c) Kaliningrad
- 9. The largest lake in Europe is situated in Russia. It is...
- a) Baikal b) Chudskoe c) Ladoga
- 10. The Urals cross the country from ...
- a) north to south b) east to west c) Novosibirsk to Magadan
- 11. The Far East of Russia is rich in...
- a) wheat b) fruit c) seafood
- 12. Russia gains access to the Mediterranean Sea through...
- a) the Aral Sea b0 the Caspian Sea c) the Black Sea
- 13. The huge forests that cover Siberia are called...
- a) the tundra b) the taiga c) the steppe
- 14. Russia's only Baltic port that remains ice-free all year round is...
- a) Murmansk b) St Petersburg c) Kaliningrad
- 15. Russia has...time zones.
- a) 5 b) 9 c) 11

Lexical Test Структура делового письма

- 1. I am writing to...
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 2. I would be happy to...

- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 3. Please accept our apologies for...
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 4. I would like to apologize for any inconvenience caused.
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 5. We apologize for...
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 6. Thank you for your understanding.
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 7. We are willing to arrange another meeting with...
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 8. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 9. I am writing to express my dissatisfaction with...
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 10. I'm sorry to say that you're...
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 11. I look forward to hearing from you.
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 12. Dear Mr. Cartright!
- a) formal letter b) informal letter
- 13. Bye, Sally!
- a) formal letter b) informal letter

Вопросы к зачету

Грамматика:

- 1. Глагол to be, глагол to have.
- 2. Количественные и порядковые числительные.
- 3. Личные и притяжательные местоимения.
- 4. Притяжательный падеж существительных.
- 5. Множественное число имени существительного.
- 6. Неопределенные местоимения some, any, no, оборот местоположения there is/there are.
- 7. Модальные глаголы.
- 8. Степени сравнения прилагательных.
- 9. Времена активного залога.
- 10. Пассивный залог.
- 11. Согласование времен.
- 12. Косвенная речь.
- 13. Виды сложных предложений. Союзы.
- 14. Предлоги времени, места и направления.
- 15. Сослагательное наклонение.
- 16. Неличные формы глагола.
- 17. Сложноподчиненные предложения.

Лексика:

- 1. Сообщение «О себе» (10-15 предл.)
- 2. Сообщение «Моя семья» (15-20 предл.)
- 3. Сообщение «Мой рабочий день» (10 12 предл.)
- 4. Слова и фразы по теме «Путешествие»
- 5. Слова и фразы по теме « Еда»
- 6. Сообщение «Моя еда» (15-20 предл.)
- 7. Слова и фразы по теме «В магазине».
- 8. Слова и фразы по теме «Деловая переписка».